



人形のまち・城下町岩槻ルート

「伝統工芸と歴史の重みを今に伝える」 さいたま市内半日観光ルート

A castle town famous for Japanese ningyo dolls, Iwatsuki

feel the presence of traditional industries and history Saitama City Half Day Sightseeing Route



START 岩槻駅 東口 Iwatsuki Station (east gate)

1 東玉人形の博物館 Toyokuni Ningyo Dolls Museum
江戸時代からの日本の伝統文化である「五節供」を大切にしています。季節に合わせた展示のほか、見学できる人形工房や和風小物の売店が併設されており、実際に絵馬や人形等の製作体験もできます。
◎10:00~17:00 休月曜(10/1~5/5は無休)・年末年始 ※要入館料
We value gosekku, traditional seasonal festivals held since the Edo period. In addition to seasonal displays of ningyo dolls, we also offer tours to the doll-making factory and Japanese accessory store, and hands-on workshops for making small wooden objects, ningyo dolls, and etc.
Hours: 10am - 5pm (Closed: Monday and Year-end/New Year holiday (open 7 days/week between Oct11 and May 5) *Entry fee applies)

2 大構(愛宕神社) Ogamae(Atago-jinja Shrine)
岩槻城とその城下町をすっぽりと囲んだ全長8kmにもおよぶ土塁。現在は唯一愛宕神社にその遺構を残すのみです。The remains of the 8km wall that once surrounded the Iwatsuki castle and its town can only be seen at Atago-jinja Shrine today.

3 岩槻人形博物館・にぎわい交流館いづつき Iwatsuki Ningyo Museum Nigiwai Koryukan Iwatsuki
岩槻人形博物館では、人形や人形文化に関する展示が行われています。◎9:00~17:00 (入館は16:30まで) 休月曜・年末年始 ※要入館料
Exhibition of ningyo and ningyo culture. Hours: 9am - 5pm (Closed: Monday and Year-end/New Year holiday *entry fee applies)
にぎわい交流館いづつきでは、伝統工芸の体験講座や地元特産品の販売が行われています。
◎9:00~21:30 休 年末年始(臨時休館日あり)
You can participate in traditional craft workshops, and browse through or buy local products. Hours: 9am - 9:30pm (Closed: Year-end/New Year holiday)

4 時の鐘 Toki-no-Kane (bell tower)

岩槻城の鐘楼で、寛文11年(1671年)当時の岩槻城主阿部正春が江戸口に設置。以来、享保5年(1720年)の改修を経て、現在に至るまで、美しい音色を響かせ、今も午前6時・正午・午後6時に、市民に時報を知らせています。
The bell tower of Iwatsuki Castle was built at the entrance of Shibuya alley in 1671 by order of Masaharu Abe, the castle lord. Dedicated in 1720, the bell tower still delivers beautiful sounds notifying local residents about the time at 6 o'clock in the morning and evening and 12 o'clock at noon.

5 岩槻城址公園 Iwatsuki Jishi Park

岩槻城址公園は、約600本の桜が咲く県内有数の桜の名所。園内の岩槻城門(櫓門)は門扉の両側に小部屋がある当時を偲はせる長門です。自然林に囲まれた起伏の多い公園で、園内の高湯池には未だ江戸のハツ橋がかけてあり、公園の彫りかたが一層引き立っています。
With around 600 cherry trees planted within the park, Iwatsuki Jishi Park is one of the most famous cherry blossom viewing spots in Saitama Prefecture. The Nagaya-mon gates are a reminiscence of the old structures by the castle gates (kururomon). The undulating landscape surrounded by towering trees and the vermilion-lacquered bridge over an iris pond bring out the colors of the park.

6 酒蔵資料館 Sakagura Museum (Sake Brewery)

明治4年創業からの伝統の酒づくりを今に伝えるさまざまな歴史の資料・道具を展示。ビデオコーナーや試飲コーナーをはじめ地産金商品扱う直売店も併設しています。
◎10:00~17:00 休月曜・年末年始
This museum exhibits various historical materials and tools used for traditional sake brewing since its establishment in 1871. The museum shop has a video corner and sake tasting corner and stocks all local sake.
Hours: 10am - 5pm (Closed: Monday and Year-end/New Year holiday)

7 遥書館 Senkyokan (School for Children of Iwatsuki Domain)

寛政11年(1799年)に、岩槻藩士の儒学者児玉南村(こだまなんか)が創設した私塾で、文化年間に藩校となりました。建物は武家屋敷を利用したもので、埼玉県内に現存する唯一の藩校です。◎9:00~16:30 休月曜・祝日の翌日・年末年始
A private school established in 1799 by Iwatsuki Domain's confucian scholar, Nanaka Kodama, that later became a school for children of the Iwatsuki clan during the Bunka era. The school was a Buke-Yashiki (Samurai residence building) and it is the only school of its kind remaining in Saitama prefecture.
Hours: 9am - 4:30pm (Closed: Monday (open if national holiday and closed next day) and New Year holiday)
市街通り・大田道灌公騎馬像(芳林寺)経由
via Ichijuku-dori Ave. and equestrian statue of Ota Dokan (Horiing Temple)

GOAL 岩槻駅 東口 Iwatsuki Station (east gate)



江戸時代から続く岩槻の人形は経済産業大臣から「伝統的工芸品」の指定を受けています。このルートでは、岩槻人形と城下町であった岩槻の歴史を見ることが出来ます。ルート外にも約1400年前に建立されたと言われている岩槻の総鎮守「久伊豆神社」など、見所がたくさんあります。

Designated as a traditional craft by the Minister of Economy, Trade and Industry, Iwatsuki ningyo dolls have been continued since the Edo period. This route tours and traces the history of the castle town and Iwatsuki ningyo dolls. You can also make side trips to see other highlights of the town such assochinju (local Shinto deity) at Hisaizu-jinja Shrine which was established about 1400 years ago.